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PCTDevice for the Generation and Use of Multi-layered Text**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention is in the general field of text manipulation.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Texts displayed for reading by means of currently available techniques are "flat" texts. In other words, any alteration in the text involves deleting a letter, word, sentence or paragraph and replacing them with a different letter, word, sentence or paragraph, or adding text and integrating it into the basic text. As a result, the display or printing of the
10 result constitutes effectively, a new text. The displayed or printed result does not preserve or reflect the change and development of the basic text.

 In many applications, it is desired to reflect information expressed in several dimensions, e.g. the text that is relevant to specific date or period. Typical example being the law text. The Law undergoes revisions from
15 time to time, and an advocate involved in a lawsuit that refers to events that had occurred at a given period in the past should, preferably, have a convenient means for reviewing the language of the law and regulations that were relevant to the specific dates under consideration. The advocate is not interested in later revisions. In other words, the user or advocate

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would like to have a convenient means for displaying a given "layer" of the text which is of interest.

As will be explained in greater detail below, whilst the example above illustrated selection of layer of interest according to time dimension, (i.e. displaying a layer of text which is valid for a given time), other dimensions may be of interest either separately or in combination, e.g. displaying in parliament records, only the text layer that relates to a given spokesperson.

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There is, accordingly, a need in the art for providing a convenient means for introducing and displaying layers(s) of text according to selected dimension or dimensions.

GLOSSARY:

There follows a glossary of terms that are used in the specification, some of which are conventional and others have been coined.

1. 15 **Dimension** – A variable applied to a text segment, which includes information on one related level. The dimensions are not limited in definition, quantity or number of assigned values per text segment. An unlimited number of dimensions and values can be defined, meaning that the dimension will serve a great number of terms. The dimensions do not have to be defined for every text segment. A text segment that has no defined dimension will be a non-dimensional text segment.
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There follows typical, yet not exclusive, types of dimensions:

- A. Dimension of time – the variable that defines the validity in time of a given text segment.
- B.25 Dimension of place – the variable that defines the place where the text was created, occurred, is relevant to, etc.

C. Spokesperson dimension – the variable that defines the text of a given spokesperson.

56 A2 > D. Reference Dimension: a variable that defines the source of text that serves
5 as reference to the text segment under question. Thus, for example, when a given text segment in a patent document originates from a given scientific publication (e.g. a publication from the *IEEE* gazette), the reference dimension that is applied to the text segment in the patent is assigned with the value of the specified scientific publication.

10 Those versed in the art will readily appreciate that the dimension is by no means bound by the latter examples and, in fact, dimension may refer to any desired domain of subject. Thus, by way of non-limiting example, in a play script, a dimension may refer to passages with, say, tragic (first value) or comic (second value) connotations.

15 As will be explained in greater detail below, different dimensions may refer to the same text segment.

It should be noted that the dimension and value thereof do not necessarily form an integral part of the text. Thus, for example, the text
20 segment, "*inner-city fare is 200 shekels*", may be assigned with the value, "*Tel Aviv*" of the place dimension, without that value being part of the text segment.

A text segment may vary from the smallest unit (i.e. word), to any defined text portion (e.g. sentence, a few words, paragraph, etc). It should
25 be noted that a text segment is not confined to any particular linguistic syntax structure.

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2. **Dimension Value** – A quantitative value in the definition range that a dimension receives for a text segment, or in other words, the value of a given text.
3. **Range of Values** – The range of values that a dimension may receive. This is of particular relevance to text retrieved.
4. **Status of the dimension value** – The status of the given value is either valid or invalid. Put differently, for various types of dimensions, there need not necessarily be a valid value.
5. **Text segment** – The text portion to which a dimension variable is assigned.
16. **Text** – Information that is saved in a given format, and is constructed of text segments.
7. **Word** – A chain of characters separated by dividers on both sides (valid dividers, punctuation marks or a space).
8. **Type of value continuity** – Defines the behavior of values in the dimension. The permitted types of continuity are as follows:

- **First type:** There may and must only be one valid value that is assigned to a given dimension. The beginning time (say date) of the unit of a new value will cause the former value to close on the specified date minus 1. Time dimension is an example of a first type, seeing that applying an opening date to a segment necessarily entails that the previous text segment expired one day before. Of course, the time dimension is not bound to date and may refer to a different time unit say second, minute, decade etc.

- **Second type:** There are various dimensions that may have either valid or invalid values.

25 Practically speaking, there are various functions that may be applied when editing a text so as to constitute a multi-layer text, including :

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- ♦ **Insert** – A function used to insert a text segment into a certain place in the text. This requires to assign dimensions and values to the newly inserted text segment.
 - ♦ **End** – End actually corresponds to “deletion” of text. The text is not actually deleted, but rather the dimension thereof is rendered invalid.
 - ♦ **Author Correction** – Enables to correct text (e.g. editorial errors) without affecting the dimension. In other words, the same value of a given dimension applies to the text before and after Author corrections were effected.
10. Those versed in the art will readily appreciate that the specified functions may be modified and/or others may be added, all as required an appropriate.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:

- 15 As specified before, according to prior art, text is displayed in a “flat” (i.e. single layer) form, and reflects the last update. According to the invention, text layering is accomplished by assigning the value of a desired dimension to a selected text segment. As defined above, “dimension” stands for e.g. time, spokesman etc. Thus, by way of example, a given text
- 20 segment, say a passage in the law, is valid from January 1, 1983 and expires on December 31, 1992. In this example, the text dimension is the time dimension, and the period January 1, 1983 to December 31, 1992 stands for the value range of said time dimension.

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- 25 Accordingly, the invention provides for a method of producing a multi-level text, comprising

- (a) providing a text;
- (b) selecting a text segment;

- (c) assigning value or value range of a text dimension to said text segment;
(d) repeating steps (b) and (c) as many times as desired.

The present invention further provides for a system that includes
5 display unit for producing multi-layer text, comprising:

- (i) selector for selecting a text segment in said text;
(ii) assignor for assigning a value of a dimension to said text segment; and
(iii) memory for storing the multi-layer text

As specified above, text dimension is selected from the group that
10 includes e.g. time, place, spokesperson and reference dimension. Other
dimensions may be used, all as required and appropriate.

If desired, after generating the multi-layer text, it may be displayed
preferably (although not necessarily), in a manner where each different
value of a given text dimension is displayed in unique manner, e.g. in a
15 different color.

Having produced a multi-layer text, the invention provides multitude
manners of retrieving and displaying it.

Accordingly, there is provided for use with a multi-layer text of the
kind specified, a method for displaying a text of interest, comprising:

- 20 (a) providing at least one input value or input value range of at
least one dimension; and

(b) retrieving and displaying text segments having assigned
thereto, a value that meets said input value, or input value range.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

For a better understanding, the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in
5 which:

Fig. 1 illustrates a generalized block diagram of a system according to the invention;

Fig. 2 illustrates a flow chart of a generalized sequence of operation for producing a multi-layer text according to one embodiment of the invention;
10 and

Fig. 3 illustrates a flow chart of a generalized sequence of operation for retrieving and displaying text of interest in a multi-level text of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

5.5 AS > 15 Attention is first directed to Fig. 1, illustrating a generalized block diagram of a system according to the invention. As shown, the system (1) includes a processor (2) coupled to memory (4) and to display (6). The processor, memory and display may be any of commercially available devices, e.g. a conventional P.C. running Intel® based processor, and
20 running Windows® based operating system. This is, of course, an example, and any architecture which provides one or more processor coupled to at least one display device and to at least one memory, is suitable for the invention. The processor is loaded from the memory with suitable program and an input text for producing a multi-layer text according to the invention.

The generalized sequence of operation for producing the multi-layer text of the invention is illustrated in the flow chart of Fig. 2., which basically includes the following sequence:

- (a) providing a text (21);
- 5 (b) selecting a text segment (23);
- (c) assigning value of a text dimension to said text segment (25);
- (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) as many times as desired (27,29).

There follows an example (Table I) which illustrates the resulting
10 multi-layer text.

No.	Text Segment	Dimen. Time	Values	Dimen Place	Values
1	Inner-city bus fare is		Begin-01.01.75 End ~		Tel-Aviv
					London
2	Two lira		Begin-01.01.75 End-31.12.79		Tel Aviv
3	Half pound		Begin-01.01.75 End - 31.12.80		London
4	One hundred		Begin-01.01.80 End-31.12.83		Tel-Aviv
5	Two		Begin-01.01.81 End-31.12.89		London

6	Half shequel		Begin-01.01.84 End-31.12.84		Tel-Aviv
7	One hundred and fifty		Begin-01.01.85 End-31.12.86		Tel-Aviv
8	1.5 new		Begin-01.01.87 End-31.12.89		Tel-Aviv
9.	Three		Begin-01.01.90 End--		Tel Aviv
					London

TABLE I

As shown in the specified example, only two dimension types are utilized, i.e. time dimension and place dimension.

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Time Dimensions	Dimension Place	Resulting Text
Begin-01.01.75 End-31.12.79	Tel Aviv	Inner city bus fare is two lira
Begin-01.01.75 End - 31.12.80	London	Inner city bus fare is half pound
Begin-01.01.80 End-31.12.83	Tel-Aviv	Inner city bus fare is one hundred lira
Begin-01.01.81 End-31.12.89	London	Inner city bus fare is two pounds
Begin-01.01.84	Tel-Aviv	Inner city bus fare is half a shequel

End-31.12.84		
Begin-01.01.85 End-31.12.86	Tel-Aviv	Inner city bus fare is one hundred and fifty shequels
Begin-01.01.87 End-31.12.89	Tel-Aviv	Inner city bus fare is 1.5 New Shequels
Begin-01.01.90 End~	Tel-Aviv	Inner city bus fare is three New Shequels
Begin 01.01.81 End ~	London	Inner city bus fare is three pounds

TABLE II

5.6 A7 > Attention is now directed to Fig. 3 illustrating a flow chart of a generalized sequence of operation for retrieving (31) and displaying (33) text of interest in a multi-layer text of the invention. As shown, the multi-layer text of the kind specified enables to retrieve and display a text of interest by, generally, following the steps:

(a) providing at least one input value, or input value range, of at least one dimension; and

10 (b) retrieving and displaying text segments having assigned thereto, each, value or value range that meets said input value, or input value range.

Considering, the example of Table II above, an illustrative query could be "*How much does an inner-city bus ride cost on the date (03 10 1981) in a certain city?*"

5.6 A8 > The relevant input values are, of course, 03 10 1981 (time dimension) and Tel-Aviv or London (place dimension). What remains to be done is to retrieve the text segment that corresponds to the specified input

values i.e. ~~three pound~~ in London (since 03 10 1981 falls in the range of 01 01 1981 -) and ~~one hundred lira~~ in Tel-Aviv (since 03 10 1981 falls in the range of 01 01 1980 - 31 12 1983).

As clearly shown in Table II, a text segment need not necessarily be
5 assigned one value. Thus, in Fig. 2, the same text segment is associated with two values belonging to time and place dimensions, respectively.

There follows an example which will assist in clarifying the so called
"second type" of continuity:

10 Thus, if there is dimension that shouldn't have value all the time, and it can have more than one value at given time period, like employment for example (one is not always employed), then each validity period of any value should contain start and termination of validity, for example:

The next sentence is part of text that has the employment dimension;
15 the values are as follows:

Text	validity begins	Validity terminates
I am	01/01/1990	~
not	21/12/1995	24/02/1996
employed	01/01/1990	~
by	01/01/1990	20/12/1995
	25/02/1996	~
Firm A	01/01/1990	20/12/1995
Firm B	25/02/1996	20/03/1998
&	20/01/1998	20/03/1998
Firm C	20/01/1998	~

Now if one looks how the text is present at different periods, one can see that:

1. The text will appear as of 01/01/1990: **I am employed by firm A.**
2. The text will appear as of 01/01/1996: **I am not employed.**
3. The text will appear as of 01/01/1990: **I am employed by firm A & firm B.**

The behavior of the employment dimension values is as follows:

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Value	01/90	02/90	12/95	01/96	02/96	03/96	12/97	01/98	02/98	03/98	04/98
Firm A	++++ +	++++ +	+++								
Firm B					+	++++ +	++++ +	++++ +	++++ +	+++	
Firm C								+	++++ +	++++ +	++++ +

As clearly shown, there is no value in the period of 21/12/1995 until 25/02/1996, and there is multi-value in the period between 20/10/1998 until 20/03/1998.

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- 15 ~~With this example, the idea that dimension need not necessarily have valid value at all times is demonstrated.~~

Those versed in the art will readily appreciate that there are multitude manners of displaying text of interest, and three out of many possible variants are discussed below.

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1. Define a requested value (value range) dimension of a text segment.

If, for example, a dimension of time in an updated law text is sought, the law in force at any requested date X will be displayed. The retrieval program, based on the input values, will automatically choose all text segments that correspond to the criterion of: expiration _date = X, and only the requested segment(s) will be displayed.

2. Display text changes according to different values of the same dimension.

If all changes made in a selected passage of text during the period Y are of interest, the display program will automatically select all segments concerning the chosen text and display them e.g. as a set of windows, a separate window for each segment. It is, thus, possible to see the modification of the information along the selected dimension (in this case, the dimension of time). When the dimension is time, it is possible to view the modifications in a synchronized display and examine the changes made on a specific date throughout the text. Alternatively, it is possible to select a diachronic display and see all the alterations made to a certain segment of the text within a given range of dates. Other variants are, of course, applicable.

3. A complete visual display. In this case, the text will be marked with

a different color for each period of validity. For example: a word valid from January 1, 1990, will be printed in color A (the color assigned to the date January 1, 1990). A word valid from January 1, 1991 will be printed in color B (the color assigned to the date January 1, 1991). If a word colored in A expires on January 1, 1991, it will be marked with an overstrike in color B (the color chosen for the date January 1, 1991). By following this technique, the reader will be able to determine the date on which each word became valid, and the date on which it ceased to be valid. By viewing the text which is not marked with an overstrike, the reader will be able to read the full text as at the date of the last update.

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As previously mentioned, no hitherto known technique is capable of conferring additional layering information to a text (e.g. in a simple text file format), utilizing basically, although not necessarily, standard word processing functions.

- 5 The invention enables the recording of text and the provision of text dimensions with various values. According to these values, it is possible to define text derivatives, and dynamically display them according to user demand.

According to the invention, it is possible to review various layers
10 and dimensions that reside in the text.

The invention is by no means bound by any specific implementation for accomplishing text layers and retrieving information from the multi-layer text. Thus, by way of example, if two adjacent text segments have the same value, the system may automatically form the two segments
15 into one segment having a common value. By way of another example, the invention is not bound by any given user-interface that serves for establishing multi-layer text or for accomplishing text retrieval.

One, non limiting, example of realizing a time dimension is given below, (where date values reside between the /* ... */ signs, and wherein B
20 stands for starting date and E stands for ending date:

/*B01.07.1976-E01.01.9999*/ small business entity – “business entity
which does not employ more than two employees and its turnover in all
25 business does not exceed
350,000 /*B01.07.1976-E01.08.1979*/ LIRA'S
200,000 /B01.08.1979-E01.04.1983*/

/*B01.04.1983-E01.01.1987*/800,000/*B01.08.1979-E01.01.1987*/
 SHEKEL /*B01.01.1987-E01.08.1988*/50,000
 /*B01.08.1988-E01.04.1989*/60,000 /*B01.04.1989-E01.01.1990*/70,000
 /*B01.01.1990-E01.01.1991*/85,000
 5 /*B01.01.1991-E01.10.1991*/100,000
 /*B01.10.1991-E01.01.1993*/120,000
 /*B01.01.1993-E01.01.1994*/130,000
 /*B01.01.1994-E01.01.1995*/150,000
 /*B01.01.1995-E01.01.1996*/170,000
 10 /*B01.01.1996-E01.01.9999*/185,000 /*B01.01.1987-E01.01.9999*/NEW
 SHEKEL/*B01.07.1976-E01.01.9999*/,

The specified example is parsed to the following information (presented as
 15 a table)

The relevant text	Effective to	Effective from
small business entity – “business entity which does not employ more than two employees and its turnover in all business does not exceed	1.1.9999	1.7.1976
350,000	1.8.1979	1.7.1976
LIRA'S	1.8.1979	1.7.1976
200,000	1.4.1983	1.8.1979
800,000	1.1.1987	1.4.1983
SHEKEL	1.1.1987	1.8.1979
50,000	1.8.1988	1.1.1987
60,000	1.4.1989	1.8.1988
70,000	1.1.1990	1.4.1989
85,000	1.1.1991	1.1.1990
100,000	1.10.1991	1.1.1991
120,000	1.1.1993	1.10.1991
130,000	1.1.1994	1.1.1993

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150,000	1.1.1995	1.1.1994
170,000	1.1.1996	1.1.1995
185,000	1.1.9999	1.1.1996
NEW SHEKEL	1.1.9999	1.1.1987

The updated text for 1.1.1998, reads as follows:

small business entity – “business entity which does not employ more than
5 two employees and its turnover in all business does not exceed 185,000
new shekels

5.5 A12 > It should be noted that order of steps recited in the claims is provided
for convenience of explanation only and should by no means be regarded as
binding.

10 The present invention has been described with a certain degree of
particularity but it should be understood that various modifications and
alterations may be made without departing from the scope or spirit of the
invention as defined by the following claims:

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